Journal of the Minnesota Academy of Science

Volume 5 | Number 3

Article 1

5-1917

Front Matter

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.morris.umn.edu/jmas

Part of the Life Sciences Commons, Physical Sciences and Mathematics Commons, and the Social and Behavioral Sciences Commons

Recommended Citation

(1917). Front Matter. *Journal of the Minnesota Academy of Science, Vol. 5 No.3*, 117-120. Retrieved from https://digitalcommons.morris.umn.edu/jmas/vol5/iss3/1

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Journals at University of Minnesota Morris Digital Well. It has been accepted for inclusion in Journal of the Minnesota Academy of Science by an authorized editor of University of Minnesota Morris Digital Well. For more information, please contact skulann@morris.umn.edu.

BULLETIN OF THE MINNESOTA ACADEMY OF SCIENCE

[Vol. 5, No. 3, May 1917]

Paper read at the 365th Meeting, February 5, 1916 Directors' Room, Public Library Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

THE ANTIQUITY OF MAN IN AMERICA COMPARED WITH EUROPE

THE LAST ADDRESS OF THE LATE NEWTON HORACE WINCHELL

Originally presented before the Iowa Academy of Sciences, at Cedar Falls, Iowa, April 24, 1914.

BULLETIN OF THE MINNESOTA ACADEMY OF SCIENCE

[Vol. 5, No. 3, May 1917]

Paper read at the 365th Meeting, February 5, 1916 Directors' Room, Public Library Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

THE ANTIQUITY OF MAN IN AMERICA COMPARED WITH EUROPE

THE LAST ADDRESS OF THE LATE NEWTON HORACE WINCHELL

Originally presented before the Iowa Academy of Sciences, at Cedar Falls, Iowa, April 24, 1914.

BULLETIN OF THE MINNESOTA ACADEMY OF SCIENCE (Vol. V, No. 3, May, 1917.) PREFATORY NOTE.

The Minnesota Academy of Science invites the attention of the scientific public to this study, "The Antiquity of Man in America Compared with Europe," the last work of the late Professor Newton Horace Winchell. This paper, based on a lifetime's investigation and study of the allied fields of geology and archaeology, represents his latest conclusions on the subject discussed. It was originally presented before the Iowa Academy of Sciences, at Cedar Falls, Iowa, on April 24, 1914, only one week before his life work was brought to a sudden and untimely close. It was again read, before the Minnesota Academy of Science, at its 365th meeting on February 5, 1916, by the author's friend, co-worker and successor, Dr. Warren Upham, Archaeologist of the Minnesota Historical Society.

Dr. G. Frederick Wright, author of "The Ice Age in North America and Its Bearings on the Antiquity of Man," in a letter written to Mrs. N. H. Winchell in June, 1915, says: "Professor Keith, of London, the most eminent comparative anatomist of Great Britain, was in Cleveland a few weeks ago lecturing on the Antiquity of Man. He made repeated references to your husband's work, relying with complete confidence upon his conclusions. Indeed, the investigations of no other American have so much weight with him."

The publication of this highly important paper is of especially timely value, amidst the late new evidence and renewed discussion of this subject, because it was the first public study, since the epoch-making discovery of the ancient human remains at Lansing, Kas., and in Nebraska, to marshal the evidence for the paleolithic antiquity of man in America as well as in Europe. This study is also a fitting culmination to Professor Winchell's 45 years of scientific research and to the "Memorial" number of the Academy's Bulletin (Vol. V, No. 2), published in July, 1914.

T. B. Walker, President.
Frederick J. Wulling, Vice-President.
Harlow Gale, Secretary.
Minnesota Academy of Science.
Minneapolis, May, 1917.